

113TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 889

To combat trade barriers that threaten the maintenance of an open Internet, that mandate unique technology standards as a condition of market access and related measures, and to promote online free expression and the free flow of information.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

FEBRUARY 28, 2013

Ms. LOFGREN (for herself, Ms. ESHOO, Ms. MATSUI, and Mr. HONDA) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, and in addition to the Committees on Foreign Affairs, the Judiciary, and Energy and Commerce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To combat trade barriers that threaten the maintenance of an open Internet, that mandate unique technology standards as a condition of market access and related measures, and to promote online free expression and the free flow of information.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Global Free Internet
5 Act of 2013”.

1 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

2 Congress finds the following:

3 (1) A single, open, global Internet is a vital tool
4 for facilitating the free and secure flow of informa-
5 tion and products without regard to distances or na-
6 tional boundaries.

7 (2) The goal of a single, open, global Internet
8 is best supported by policies that—

9 (A) encourage utilization on a global basis
10 of technology standards set by international
11 standards-setting organizations, including in-
12 dustry-led and other voluntary bodies, and se-
13 lected by the market;

14 (B) respect the security of information,
15 privacy, and speech of Internet users;

16 (C) promote investment in Internet-related
17 innovation;

18 (D) refrain from compelling Internet serv-
19 ice providers and other intermediaries to re-
20 strict the free flow of information on the Inter-
21 net; and

22 (E) allow trade in Internet-related goods,
23 services, information, and content.

24 (3) Certain governments and international bod-
25 ies are adopting or considering policies contrary to
26 the goal of a free, open Internet, including—

(C) blocking, filtering, or otherwise restricting Internet communications in a manner that discriminates against Internet-based services and content originating in other countries;

16 (D) monitoring Internet use and commu-
17 nications in a manner that restricts individual
18 privacy and freedom; and

19 (E) imposing market access requirements
20 or liabilities that discriminate against or other-
21 wise impede Internet-related goods, services and
22 content from other countries.

23 (4) Such actions threaten the interests of the
24 United States by—

(A) facilitating attempts by foreign governments to restrict or disrupt the free flow of information on the Internet;

(B) promoting “national Internets” in conflict with the underlying rationale and architecture of the Internet as originally envisioned and constructed, thereby compromising the Internet’s full functionality and promise;

(C) harming United States workers and businesses, undermining a strong United States industrial base, and putting foreign competitors at an advantage; and

(D) putting at risk the utility of the Internet as a tool of open communication, assembly, and commerce, and the individuals who seek to use it for such purposes.

17 SEC. 3. TASK FORCE ON THE GLOBAL INTERNET.

18 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—

23 (2) CHAIRPERSON.—The President shall select
24 from among the members of the Task Force under
25 subsection (b)(1) to serve as Chairperson.

1 (b) COMPOSITION.—The Task Force shall consist of
2 the following:

3 (1) Four United States persons with substantial
4 expertise in Internet policy who are not employees or
5 officers of Federal, State, local, or tribal govern-
6 ments and who—

7 (A) are nominated by the public through a
8 process managed by the Department of Com-
9 merce that solicits public recommendations
10 through the Internet and are appointed by the
11 President, acting through the President's Coun-
12 cil of Advisors on Science and Technology; and
13 (B) shall serve on the Task Force for re-
14 newable terms not to exceed 3 years.

15 (2) The leader of the majority party in the Sen-
16 ate and the leader of the minority party in the Sen-
17 ate shall each appoint one United States person with
18 substantial expertise in Internet policy to serve on
19 the Task Force for renewable terms not to exceed 3
20 years.

21 (3) The Speaker of the House of Representa-
22 tives and the leader of the minority party in the
23 House of Representatives shall each appoint one
24 United States person with substantial expertise in

1 Internet policy to serve on the Task Force for re-
2 newable terms not to exceed 3 years.

3 (4) The United States Trade Representative,
4 the Secretary of Homeland Security, the Assistant
5 Secretary for Communications and Information of
6 the National Telecommunications and Information
7 Administration, the Chair of the Privacy and Civil
8 Liberties Oversight Board, the head of the Internet
9 Corporation for Assigned Names and Numbers, and
10 the heads of other Federal departments and agencies
11 as determined to be appropriate by the President,
12 acting through their respective designees.

13 (c) STAFF OF FEDERAL AGENCIES.—Upon request
14 of the Task Force, the head of any Federal department
15 or agency or other Federal official described in subsection
16 (b)(4) may detail, with or without reimbursement, any of
17 the personnel or services of the relevant Federal depart-
18 ment or agency to the Task Force to assist it in carrying
19 out its functions.

20 (d) FUNCTIONS.—In addition to such other respon-
21 sibilities the President may assign, the Task Force shall—

22 (1) develop and implement strategies in re-
23 sponse to foreign and domestic government policies
24 that—

(A) unjustifiably or unreasonably burden or restrict international trade in Internet-related goods, services, and content;

(B) mandate or otherwise preference Internet-related technology standards and related measures;

(C) impede the free flow of information on the Internet; or

(D) otherwise threaten the open, global nature of the Internet, the interests of Internet users and the United States in Internet-related international trade and discourse;

(2) consult and share timely information with civil society groups with expertise in Internet policy;

(3) coordinate the activity of all Federal departments and agencies as necessary to implement the strategies developed in accordance with paragraph (1);

(4) prepare a report and action plan in accordance with section 4;

(5) hold public hearings and solicit public comment through the Federal Register and the website for the Task Force as appropriate; and

(6) appoint a Task Force member, responsible for serving as a point of contact for correspondence

1 and inquiries related to the activities of the Task
2 Force.

3 **SEC. 4. REPORT AND ACTION PLAN TO THE PRESIDENT**
4 **AND CONGRESS.**

5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 15 months after
6 the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually there-
7 after, the Task Force shall transmit to the President and
8 the appropriate congressional committees a report and ac-
9 tion plan that—

10 (1) identifies acts, policies, or practices of the
11 United States, foreign governments, or international
12 bodies, and related measures that—

13 (A) deny fair and equitable market access
14 to or otherwise unjustifiably or unreasonably
15 burden or restrict discourse or trade in Inter-
16 net-related goods, services, and content;

17 (B) mandate, give preference to, or pro-
18 mote Internet-related technology standards that
19 diverge from widely adopted international
20 standards, or otherwise lead to the adoption of
21 discriminatory or trade-restrictive technology
22 standards or conformity assessment procedures;
23 or

24 (C) otherwise threaten the interests of the
25 United States in the technical operation, secu-

1 rity, and free flow of global Internet commu-
2 nications;

3 (2) estimates the trade-distorting impact or ex-
4 tent of suppression of free expression of measures
5 identified under paragraph (1) on United States
6 commerce, the interests of Internet users, and the
7 functioning of the Internet;

8 (3) designates which measures identified under
9 paragraph (1) are priority concerns;

10 (4) sets forth a strategy and actions to be taken
11 by Federal departments and agencies in response to
12 measures identified under paragraph (1); and

13 (5) provides information with respect to any ac-
14 tion taken (or the reasons if no action is taken) in
15 response to any such measures identified in prior
16 years' reports, including such actions as are required
17 under section 5.

18 (b) FORM OF REPORTS.—The reports and action
19 plans required under subsection (a) may contain a classi-
20 fied annex if the Task Force determines that such is ap-
21 propriate.

22 (c) COORDINATION AND NOTICE.—In preparing each
23 annual report and action plan required under subsection
24 (a), the Task Force shall—

25 (1) seek public participation by—

1 (A) publishing a notice in the Federal Reg-
2 ister that includes instructions on how the pub-
3 lic may submit comments on the report and
4 plan;

5 (B) holding at least one public hearing;
6 and

7 (C) establishing a website for the Task
8 Force that publishes timely information regard-
9 ing the Task Force's activities and provides an
10 opportunity for the public to submit comments
11 to the Task Force;

12 (2) consult and coordinate with all relevant ex-
13 ecutive branch departments and agencies;

14 (3) consult and share timely information with
15 civil society groups with expertise in Internet policy;
16 and

17 (4) take into account information from such
18 sources as may be available to the United States
19 Trade Representative and such information as may
20 be submitted to the Trade Representative by inter-
21 ested persons, including information contained in re-
22 ports submitted under section 181(b) of the Trade
23 Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2241(b)) and petitions sub-
24 mitted under section 302 of such Act (19 U.S.C.
25 2412).

1 (d) PUBLICATION.—The Task Force shall publish in
2 the Federal Register the report and action plan trans-
3 mitted to Congress under subsection (a), but shall omit
4 information transmitted to Congress under subsection (b).

5 (e) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term “appro-
6 priate congressional committees” means—

7 (1) the Committee on Ways and Means, the
8 Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on
9 Energy and Commerce of the House of Representa-
10 tives; and

11 (2) the Committee on Finance, the Committee
12 on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Commerce,
13 Science, and Transportation of the Senate.

14 **SEC. 5. SECTION 301 INVESTIGATION AND POTENTIAL
15 SANCTIONS.**

16 Not later than 30 days after the transmission of each
17 annual report and action plan required under section 4,
18 the United States Trade Representative shall, in accord-
19 ance with the requirements of sections 301 through 304
20 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2411 through 2414),
21 initiate an investigation, make any determinations re-
22 quired, and take any actions specified under such sections
23 with respect to any acts, policies, or practices of a foreign
24 government or international body that are identified in
25 each such annual report and action plan as priority con-

1 cerns, including restrictions on sale in the United States
2 of products developed and manufactured in countries im-
3 plementing such acts, policies, or practices.

4 **SEC. 6. REVIEW AND INVESTIGATION BY FEDERAL TRADE
5 COMMISSION AND DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.**

6 (a) REVIEW AND INVESTIGATION.—The Federal
7 Trade Commission and the Attorney General shall—

8 (1) review each act, policy, or practice described
9 in paragraph (1) of section 4(a) that is contained in
10 a report or an action plan transmitted under such
11 section to Congress; and

12 (2) investigate whether such act, policy, or
13 practice (or any related action by a nongovernmental
14 entity) violates the antitrust laws of the United
15 States.

16 (b) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this section, the
17 term “antitrust laws” has the meaning given it in sub-
18 section (a) of the first section of the Clayton Act (15
19 U.S.C. 12(a)), except that such term includes section 5
20 of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 45) to
21 the extent such section 5 applies to unfair methods of com-
22 petition.

1 SEC. 7. REPORT TO PRESIDENT AND CONGRESS ON INTER-

2 NATIONAL TRADE AGREEMENTS.

3 (a) REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after the date
4 of the enactment of this Act, the Task Force shall submit
5 to the President and the appropriate congressional com-
6 mittees a report that—

7 (1) assesses the sufficiency of existing multilat-
8 eral and bilateral trade agreements in—

9 (A) promoting international trade in Inter-
10 net-related goods, services, and content;

11 (B) encouraging the utilization on a global
12 basis of technology standards set by inter-
13 national standard-setting organizations;

14 (C) protecting the security and functioning
15 of the Internet;

16 (D) facilitating the free flow of information
17 on the Internet; and

18 (E) protecting the interests of Internet
19 users; and

20 (2) recommends, as appropriate, modifications
21 of existing agreements or the negotiation of new
22 agreements to advance the objectives identified in
23 paragraph (1).

24 (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Con-
25 gress that the negotiating objectives of the United States

1 for future bilateral and multilateral trade agreements
2 should include the goals specified in subsection (a)(1).

3 (c) FORM OF REPORTS.—The report required under
4 subsection (a) may contain a classified annex if the Task
5 Force determines that such is appropriate.

6 (d) COORDINATION AND NOTICE.—In preparing each
7 report required under subsection (a), the Task Force
8 shall—

9 (1) seek public participation by—

10 (A) publishing a notice in the Federal Reg-
11 ister that includes instructions on how the pub-
12 lic may submit comments on the report and
13 plan;

14 (B) holding at least one public hearing;
15 and

16 (C) establishing a website for the Task
17 Force that publishes timely information regard-
18 ing the Task Force’s activities and provides an
19 opportunity for the public to submit comments
20 to the Task Force;

21 (2) consult and coordinate with all relevant
22 Federal departments and agencies;

23 (3) consult and share timely information with
24 civil society groups with expertise in Internet policy;
25 and

1 (4) take into account information from such
2 sources as may be available to the United States
3 Trade Representative and such information as may
4 be submitted to the Trade Representative by inter-
5 ested persons, including information contained in re-
6 ports submitted under section 181(b) of the Trade
7 Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2241(b)) and petitions sub-
8 mitted under section 302 of such Act (19 U.S.C.
9 2412).

10 (e) PUBLICATION.—The Task Force shall publish in
11 the Federal Register the report transmitted to Congress
12 under subsection (a), but shall omit information trans-
13 mitted to Congress under subsection (c).

14 (f) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term “appro-
15 priate congressional committees” means—

16 (1) the Committee on Ways and Means, the
17 Committee on Energy and Commerce, and the Com-
18 mittee on the Judiciary of the House of Representa-
19 tives; and

20 (2) the Committee on Finance, the Committee
21 on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Commerce,
22 Science, and Transportation of the Senate.

23 **SEC. 8. STANDARDS-RELATED TRAINING.**

24 The Task Force shall coordinate with intergovern-
25 mental, national government, and private sector entities,

1 including the National Institute of Standards and Tech-
2 nology, the Patent and Trademark Office, the Trade and
3 Development Agency, the United States Telecommuni-
4 cations Training Institute, the United States Agency for
5 International Development, the Federal Trade Commis-
6 sion, and any other appropriate entities, for the purpose
7 of organizing training of foreign and domestic government
8 officials and national standard-setting and conformity as-
9 sessment bodies with respect to best practices, including
10 coordination with nongovernmental international and do-
11 mestic standards bodies, in accordance with the annual re-
12 port and action plan required under section 4.

13 **SEC. 9. OUTSIDE CONSULTATION.**

14 The Task Force shall establish a regularized process
15 to receive and respond to timely input from businesses,
16 organizations, experts, and other interested parties re-
17 garding the fulfillment of its functions.

